

Blood transfusion prediction using restricted Boltzmann machines

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Abstract-

The availability of blood transfusion has been a recurrent concern for medical institutions and patients. Efficient management of this resource represents an important challenge for many hospitals. Likewise, rapid reaction during transfusion decisions and planning is a critical factor to maximize patient care. This paper proposes a novel strategy for predicting the blood transfusion need, based on available information, by means of Restricted Boltzmann Machines (RBM). By extracting and analyzing high-level features from 4831 patient records, RBM can deal with complex patterns recognition, helping supervised classifiers in the task of automatic identification of blood transfusion requirements. Results show that a successfully classification is obtained (96.85%), based only on available information from the patient records.

Index Terms- Blood transfusion prediction; restricted Boltzmann machines; patterns recognition

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Citation:

Cifuentes, J.; Yao, Y.; Yan, M.; Zheng, B. "Blood transfusion prediction using restricted Boltzmann machines", Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering, vol.23, no.9, pp.510-517, July, 2020.